

>>> **AirLink Helix**

**User Guide**



2140847  
Rev 3.0



## Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the Sierra Wireless AirLink Product Name are used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the Sierra Wireless AirLink Product Name should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Sierra Wireless accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the Sierra Wireless AirLink Product Name, or for failure of the Sierra Wireless AirLink Product Name to transmit or receive such data.

## Safety and Hazards

READ ALL SAFETY AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE OPERATING THE PRODUCT.

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**Warning:** *FOR INDOOR USE ONLY. TO PREVENT FIRE OR SHOCK HAZARD, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS DEVICE TO RAIN OR MOISTURE. DO NOT EXPOSE THIS PRODUCT TO DRIPPING OR SPLASHING. NO OBJECTS FILLED WITH LIQUIDS, SUCH AS VASES, SHALL BE PLACED ON THE DEVICE.*

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**Caution:** *DO NOT OPEN THE UNIT. DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CONTAINED IN THE INSTALLATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO. REFER ALL SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.*

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**Caution:** *CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS NOT EXPRESSLY APPROVED BY THE PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE COULD VOID THE USER'S AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT.*

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It is recommended that the customer install an AC surge arrester in the AC outlet to which this device is connected. This is to avoid damaging the equipment by local lightning strikes and other electrical surges.

Only use twisted pair Ethernet cables with RJ-45 connectors that conform to FCC standards in the Ethernet ports. Do not plug a telephone cable (RJ-11) into any Ethernet (RJ-45) port on your device.

Installation of this product must be in accordance with national wiring codes.

To clean, wipe this device with a clean, dry cloth. Never use cleaning fluid or similar chemicals. Do not spray cleaners directly on the unit or use forced air to remove dust.

Do not use attachments not recommended by the device manufacturer.

To avoid injury from falling equipment, do not place this product on an unstable surface.

This device should be situated away from heat sources and products that produce heat.

All safety and operating instructions should be retained for future reference.

Do not use onboard aircraft or in hazardous locations such as gas stations or explosive environments.

Not designed, manufactured or intended for machinery, medical, or industrial applications or for any other application may be hazardous.

Do not move or touch the antennas while the device is on. Device should be located at least 20 centimeters (8 inches) away from any human body in order to meet FCC exposure limits.

Do not operate while driving.

## Regulatory Information

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference; and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that inter-

ference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

The device that accompanies this software can radiate radio frequency energy. If not used in accordance with the instructions given in the User Guide, the device may cause harmful interference with other communications devices (for example radios, televisions, phones, etc.).

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by Sierra Wireless could void the user's authority to operate this device.

Sierra Wireless America, 39677 Eureka Drive, Newark, CA USA, 94560 (510.624.4900).

The FCC ids are:

- MC5727 id is N7N-MC5725
- MC8790 id is N7NMC8790
- WLM54G Wi-Fi PCI card id MK8CPX-05-WLM54G.

## Open Source

Certain components of the software included with the Helix RT are subject to the GNU General Public License ("GPL"), the Lesser GNU General Public License ("LGPL"), or other "open source" or "free software" licenses ("Open Source Software"). Some of the Open Source license is owned by third parties. Each item of Open Source Software is licensed under the terms of the end-user license that accompanies such Open Source Software. Nothing in this document limits your rights under, or grants you rights that supersede, the terms and conditions of any applicable Open Source License. In particular, nothing in this document restricts your right to copy, modify, and distribute that Open Source Software subject to the terms of Open Source License. As required by the terms of the GPL and LGPL or any other applicable Open Source License, Sierra Wireless makes the Open Source Software available to the public in source code form on a CD. To receive a CD, please contact customer support.

The following Open Source Software is included with the Helix RT.

- GPL and LGPL Software. The Helix RT is provided with the following software licensed under the GPL and LGPL. A copy of the GNU GPL license is available from the Free Software Foundation (<http://www.gnu.org>).
  - BusyBox from Erik Andersen (<http://www.busybox.net>)
  - Host AP driver from Jouni Malinen (<http://hostap.epitest.fi>)
  - IPtables from Harald Welte and others (<http://www.netfilter.org>)
  - Linux operating system version 2.4.20
  - Openswan from Xelerance Corporation (<http://www.openswan.org>)
  - PPP from Paul Mackerras (<http://www.samba.org/ftp/unpacked/ppp/>)
  - README
  - SPLASH from Willem de Bruijn (<http://splash-snap.sourceforge.net>)
  - Updateddd from Philipp Benner (<http://www.philipp-benner.de/updateddd>)
- Other Open Source Software. The Helix RT is provided with the following software licensed under BSD licenses or other Open Source Licenses. The software and license details are available from the referenced web sites.
  - Internet Software Consortium DHCP Server (<http://www.isc.org>)
  - Net-SNMP from the NET-SNMP Project (<http://www.net-snmp.org>)
  - OpenSSH from the OpenBSD Project (<http://www.openssh.com>)
  - tftpd from Jef Poskanzer (<http://www.acme.com>)

## Patents

Portions of this product may be covered by some or all of the following US patents:

5,515,013	5,629,960	5,845,216	5,847,553	5,878,234
5,890,057	5,929,815	6,169,884	6,191,741	6,199,168
6,339,405	6,359,591	6,400,336	6,516,204	6,561,851
6,643,501	6,653,979	6,697,030	6,785,830	6,845,249
6,847,830	6,876,697	6,879,585	6,886,049	6,968,171
6,985,757	7,023,878	7,053,843	7,106,569	7,145,267
7,200,512	D442,170	D459,303		

and other patents pending.

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Helix RT™ is a trademark of Sierra Wireless.  
Windows® is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation.  
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## Contact Information

Support Desk:	Phone:	1-877-231-1144
	Hours:	5:00 AM to 5:00 PM Pacific Time, Monday to Friday, except US Holidays
	E-mail:	<a href="mailto:support@sierrawireless.com">support@sierrawireless.com</a>
Sales Desk:	Phone:	1-510-624-4200 1-604-232-1488
	Hours:	8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Pacific Time
	E-mail:	<a href="mailto:MobileandM2Msales@sierrawireless.com">MobileandM2Msales@sierrawireless.com</a>
Post:	Sierra Wireless America 39677 Eureka Drive Newark, CA USA 94560	
	Sierra Wireless 13811 Wireless Way Richmond, BC Canada V6V 3A4	
Fax:	1-510-624-4299 1-604-231-1109	
Web:	<a href="http://www.sierrawireless.com">www.sierrawireless.com</a>	

Consult our website for up-to-date product descriptions, documentation, application notes, firmware upgrades, troubleshooting tips, and press releases:

[www.sierrawireless.com](http://www.sierrawireless.com)

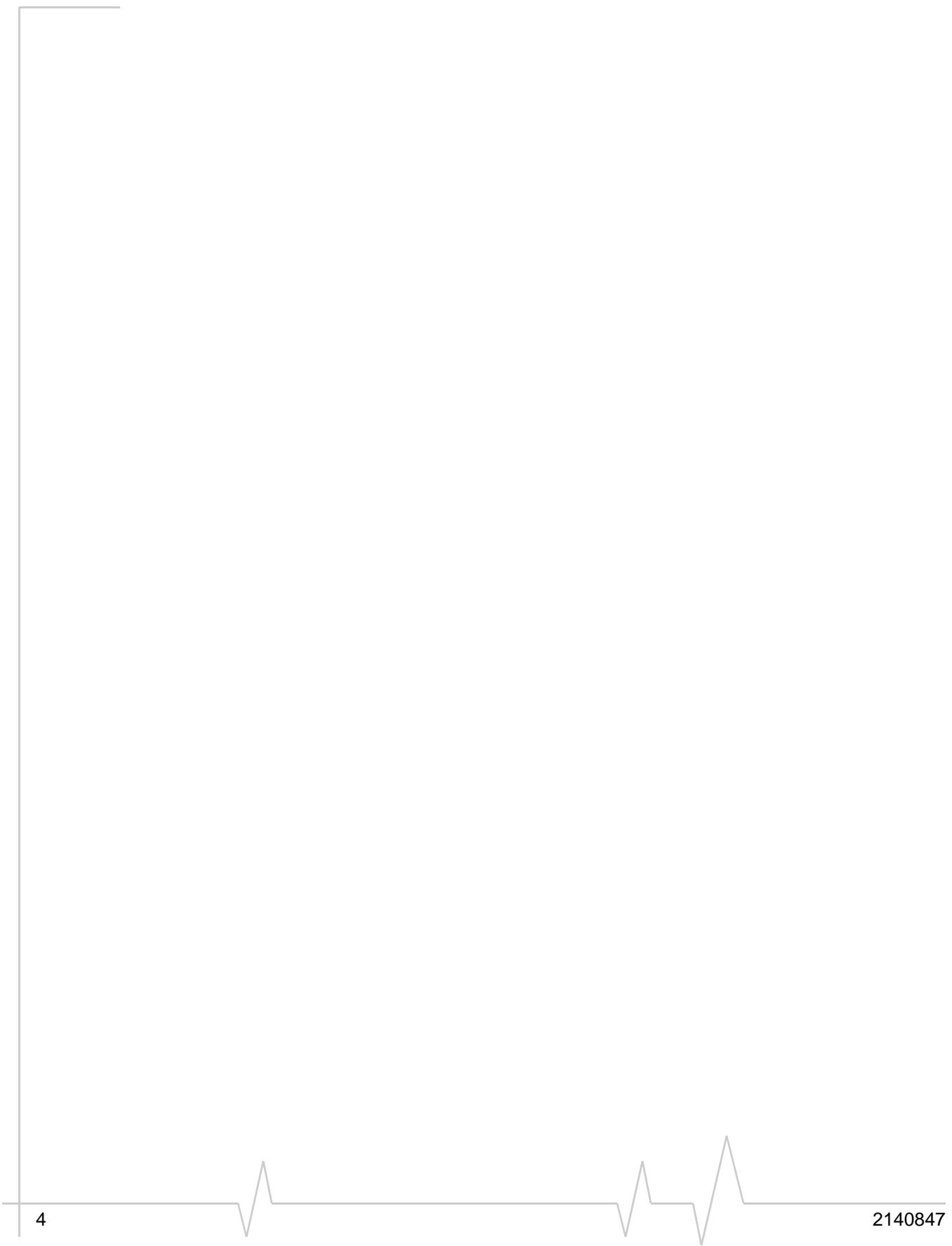
Revision number	Release date	Changes
1.x	2009	AirLink Helix documentation draft created.
2.x	2009	AirLink Helix documentation revised.
3.x	2009	USB Chapter added.

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# >>| 1: Introduction

- What's Included with the AirLink Helix?
- What Else Do You Need to Get Started?
- Getting Going (the quick version)

The AirLink Helix enables computers and other devices to connect quickly and easily to the Internet and remote enterprise networks using cellular data networks.

This User Guide provides basic instructions on how to configure and operate your AirLink Helix. For additional support please visit [www.sierrawireless.com/support](http://www.sierrawireless.com/support).

## What's Included with the AirLink Helix?

- AirLink Helix RT kit
- AirLink Helix RT cellular router
- User Guide
- Outlet power adapter
- Wi-Fi (optional depending on the kit)
- Antennas (optional depending on the kit)

## What Else Do You Need to Get Started?

- An active data account with your cellular provider is required. Contact your cellular carrier or reseller if you have data account related queries.

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*Note: Please also read the terms and conditions of your cellular service to ensure that your rate plan is appropriate for use with the AirLink Helix.*

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- At least one computer that supports Ethernet or Wi-Fi networking.
- A web browser such as Internet Explorer 6 or later for Windows, Firefox 1.5, or Safari.

## Getting Going (the quick version)

The AirLink Helix is designed to be simple to use. No additional software is required for most users. The remainder of the User Guide provides complete instructions for using the device.

### CDMA

If you have a CDMA device, please follow the instructions as below:

1. Plug the AirLink Helix power adapter into the power connector on the back panel of the AirLink Helix. Wait approximately two minutes to allow the AirLink Helix and modem to initialize.
2. Connect your computer to the AirLink Helix with an ethernet cable. Users can also connect with Wi-Fi using "helix" as the default network name.
3. If the modem is not automatically detected, and if you are a first time user, you may need to configure your cellular modem through the WAN page in the ACEmanager with your web browser at 192.168.2.1. The username is **admin** and default password is **12345**. For more details on configuring the AirLink Helix, refer to the chapter titled "Using the ACEmanager."

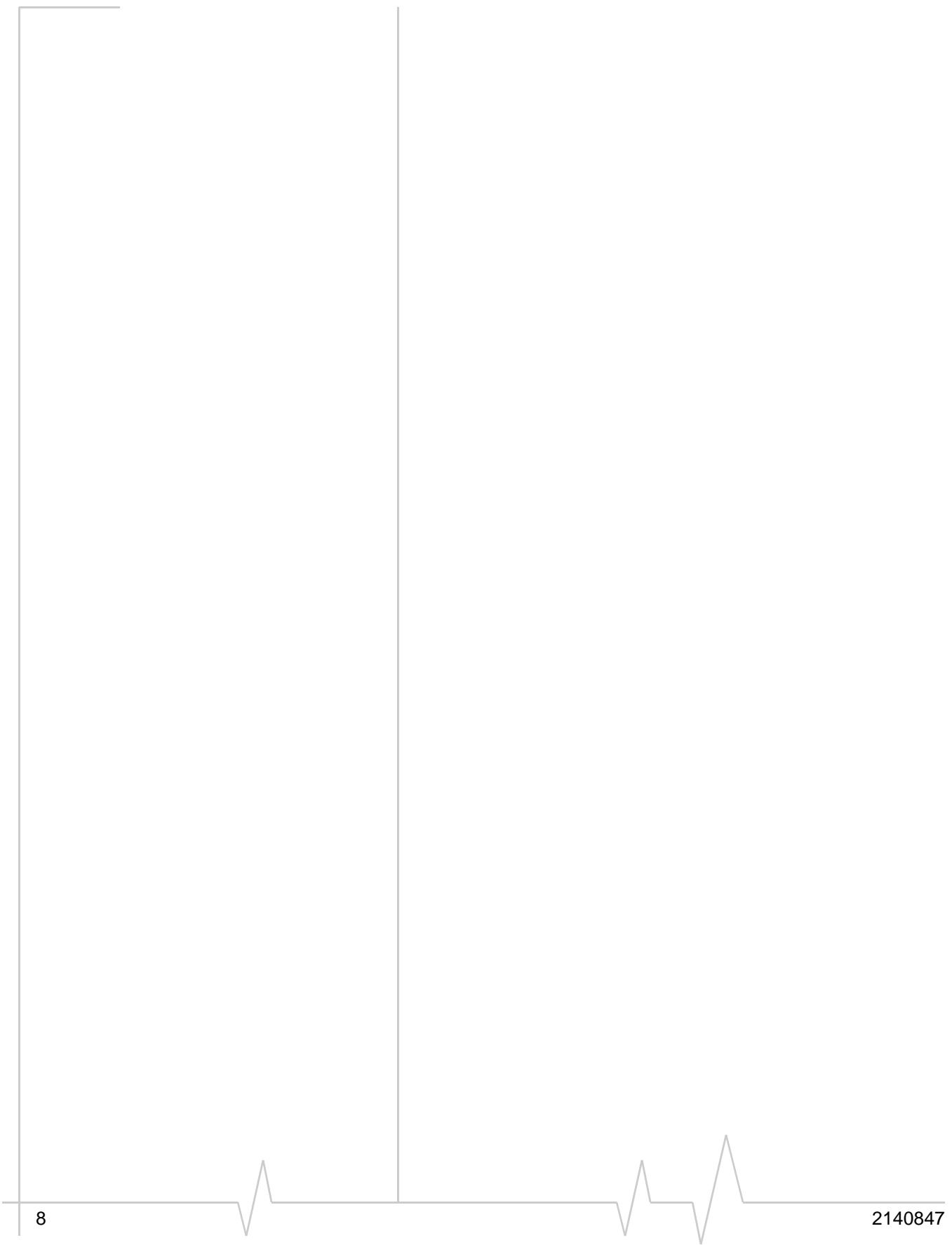
### GSM

If you have a GSM device, please follow the instructions as below:

1. Insert a SIM card into the SIM slot on the front of the Helix.
2. Plug the AirLink Helix power adapter into the power connector on the back panel of the AirLink Helix. Wait approximately two minutes to allow the AirLink Helix and modem to initialize.
3. Connect your computer to the AirLink Helix with an ethernet cable. Users can also connect with Wi-Fi using "helix" as the default network name.
4. If the modem is not automatically detected, and if you are a first time user, you may need to configure your cellular modem through the WAN page in the ACEmanager with your web browser at 192.168.2.1. The username is **admin** and default password is **12345**. For more details on config-

uring the AirLink Helix, refer to the chapter titled “Using the ACEmanager.”

Have more questions? Look through this manual for more information or contact Sierra Wireless support at <http://www.sierrawireless.com/support>.



## >>|2: Connecting a Computer to the AirLink Helix

2

- Connecting Through Ethernet
- Connecting Through Wi-Fi
- Where to Find More Help

Any laptop, desktop, handheld, printer, or other computing device that supports Ethernet (or optional Wi-Fi) can connect to the AirLink Helix. If your computer supports these common network interfaces, you don't need to install any additional software to connect to the AirLink Helix.

Before connecting multiple devices to the AirLink Helix for the first time, it is a good idea to connect one computer first and verify that the Product Name is successfully connected to the Internet. You may need to use AirLink Helix ACEmanager to verify that the Helix device is properly configured. See the "Configuring AirLink Helix" chapter for more information.

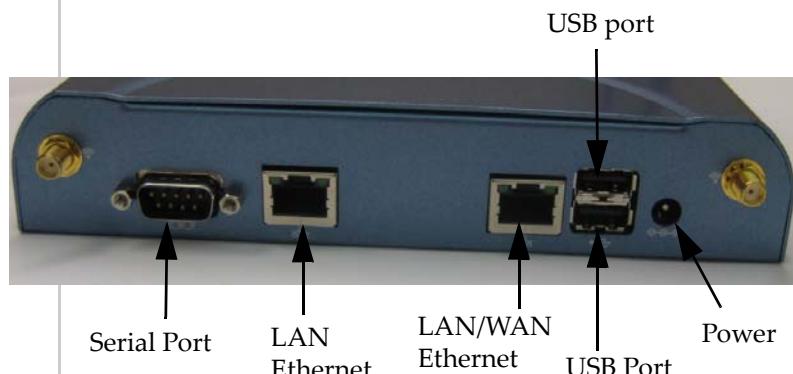


Figure 2-1: Helix: Ports on the backplate

### Connecting Through Ethernet

To connect to the AirLink Helix using Ethernet, simply plug one end of an Ethernet cable into your computer, and plug the other end into either of the Ethernet ports on the AirLink Helix.

There are two Ethernet ports on the Helix. In most configurations, both can be used for LAN connections. In WAN failover mode, one is used for a WAN port to connect to another Internet service like a DSL or cable modem.

Make sure your computer is setup for DHCP addressing. To setup the AirLink Helix for static IP addressing, refer to the LAN Page section in “Using the ACEmanager”.

## Connecting Through Wi-Fi

Wi-Fi is available as an option on some versions of the Helix RT.

To connect wirelessly to the AirLink Helix using a Wi-Fi equipped computer, simply select the network name “helix” using the Wi-Fi connection software provided with your operating system or Wi-Fi network interface.

You can customize the network name and other Wi-Fi configuration options using the LAN/Wi-Fi page in the ACEmanager. For more information, see the “Using the ACEmanager” chapter.

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*Note: If you don't change the default security settings in the ACEmanager for the AirLink Helix, the AirLink Helix is accessible to any Wi-Fi device. For information about Wi-Fi security, see the Security Page section in the “Using ACEmanager” chapter.*

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The AirLink Helix Wi-Fi network is based on the 802.11b/g. By default you can also use computers equipped with 802.11b Wi-Fi hardware because 802.11g is backwards compatible with 802.11b.

If you have trouble connecting automatically to the AirLink Helix using Wi-Fi, try the following:

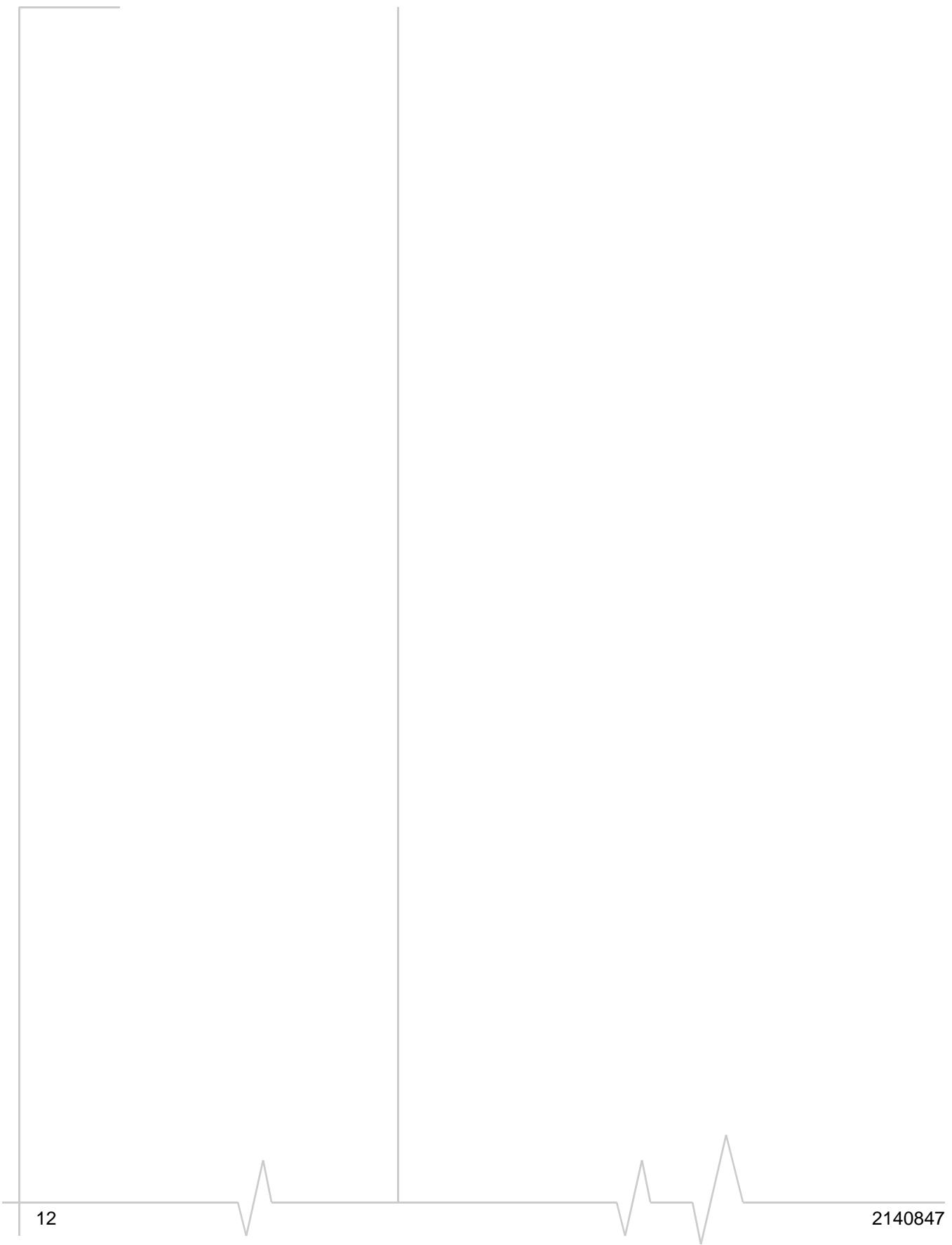
- Make sure the “helix” network name is selected in the list of available networks with your computer’s Wi-Fi connection software.
- Turn your computer’s Wi-Fi connection off and then on again.
- Restart your computer.
- Check to see that your computer’s network configuration is consistent with the configuration of the AirLink Helix. The default AirLink Helix configuration requires your computer to use a DHCP connection.
- For Windows XP users, check to see that you have Service Pack 2 or higher installed. To determine if you have Service Pack 2 installed, open the Control Panel and then open the System application.

- Change the Wi-Fi channel in the AirLink Helix ACEmanager. You may be encountering interference on a certain channel.
- Try turning off WEP or WPA encryption in the ACEmanager. If you can connect when encryption is turned off, you may be entering incorrect WPA or WEP login information into your computer or device.

## Where to Find More Help

The Ethernet, Wi-Fi, and TCP/IP network interfaces used by the AirLink Helix comply with industry standards. Connection issues may be related to the proper use of these standards and not the AirLink Helix itself. For additional help connecting your computer or device to the AirLink Helix, please refer to the networking instructions provided by your computer's operating system.

Please contact Sierra Wireless support for further Helix RT related queries.



# >>| 3: Hardware Overview

- Physical Interfaces
- Turning On the AirLink Helix
- Status Lights
- Cellular Antennas
- Wi-Fi Antennas
- Reset Button
- Power Connector
- SIM Slot

## Physical Interfaces

The AirLink Helix has the following physical interfaces and connection methods:

- Two cellular SMA antenna connectors
- 802.11b/g Wi-Fi (optional)
- Two Wi-Fi SMA antenna connectors (optional)
- 2 host USB ports
- 2 Ethernet ports
- 1 serial port

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*Note: Software currently does not support USB services. Do not plug unsupported devices into the USB ports.*

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*Note: An ALEOS update supporting USB is expected by September 2009.*

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*Note: Serial connection is for modem programming purposes only.*

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## Turning On the AirLink Helix

The AirLink Helix powers on as soon as it is plugged in to the power outlet. The AirLink Helix power port is located on the back of the device. To turn the device off, simply unplug the power adapter.

For use in a vehicle, a vehicle power adapter is available as an optional accessory.

## Status Lights

The AirLink Helix has three lights on the front faceplate that indicate status and help initial troubleshooting. The green LED on the left, is lit whenever Helix is plugged in. The middle green LED indicates cellular signal strength. The right green LED indicates WWAN activity. There are three modes:

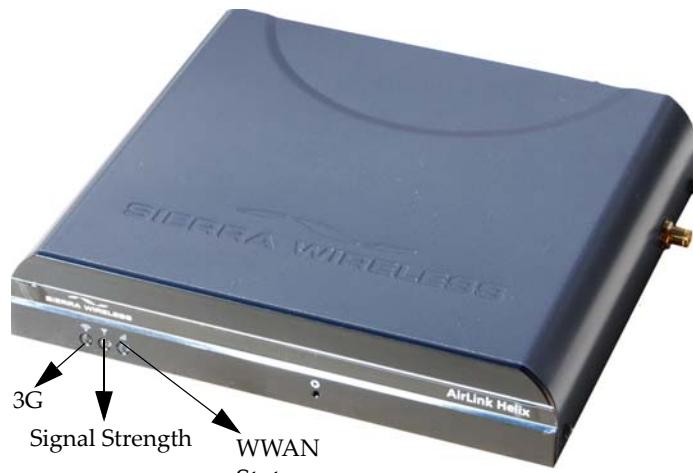


Figure 3-1: Status LEDs

## LEDs

The LED patterns in the Helix are as follows:

### (Left) – 3G

- Off : 3G connection is not active
- On : 3G connection is active

### (Middle) – Signal Strength (RSSI)

- On Solid : Equal to or stronger than -69dBm (excellent signal strength)
- Fast Blink : -70 to -79dBm
- Normal Blink : -80 to -89dBm
- Slow Blink : -90 to -99dBm
- Off : Equal to or weaker than -100dBm (no signal strength)

### (Right) – WWAN Status

- Off : No cell module detected
- Blinking : cellular module detected, communicating with the Helix CPU. This LED is hardware dependent and may

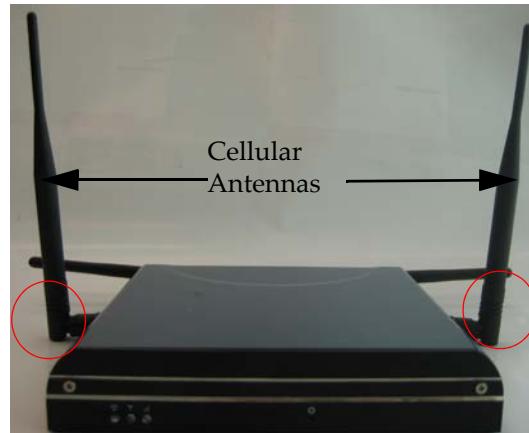
blink differently depending on the installed cellular module.

## Cellular Antennas

The AirLink Helix requires two cellular antennas, as shown in [Figure 3-2](#). Depending on your Helix kit, antennas may or may not be included.

The Helix will work with most dual band cellular antennas with SMA connectors. Connect antennas directly to the connectors found on the sides of the Helix.

*Note: When using a cable to an antenna placed away from the Helix, minimize the length of your cable. All gain from a more advantageous antenna placement can be lost with a long cable to the device. Each external antenna used with an extension cable, should be located 20cm apart from any other antenna.*



*Figure 3-2: Cellular Antennas*

*Note: Use all four antennas for diversity. Using only one cell antenna or one Wi-Fi antenna can cause degraded performance.*

The optimal placement of the cellular antenna is upright.

## Wi-Fi Antennas

The antennas on the back of the Helix are for transmitting and receiving Wi-Fi signals. Connect antennas directly to the connectors found at the back of the Helix.

*Note: Optimal antenna performance can be achieved by orienting the WiFi antennas horizontally.*

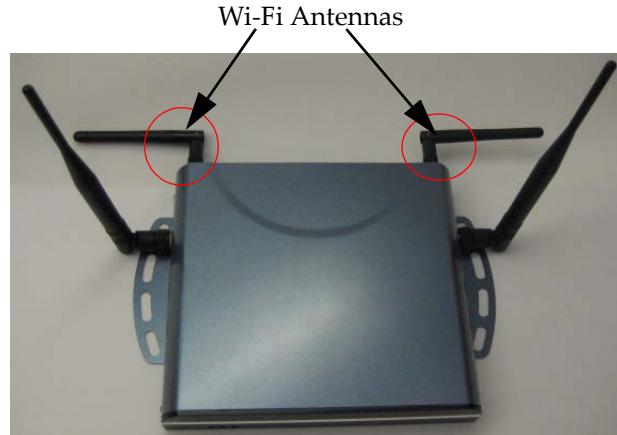


Figure 3-3: Wi-Fi Connection

## Reset Button

The reset button is a small hole located in on the front faceplate of the Helix. This button provides a quick way to turn the Helix power off and back on. Simply insert a paper clip or similar object into the hole to press the reset button.

In some cases the Airlink Helix may need to be reset to defaults. This will reset any custom settings and connection information. If the ACEmanager password has been forgotten or is unable to be accessed, the Airlink Helix can be reset during the bootup process by pressing the reset button for just 10 seconds.

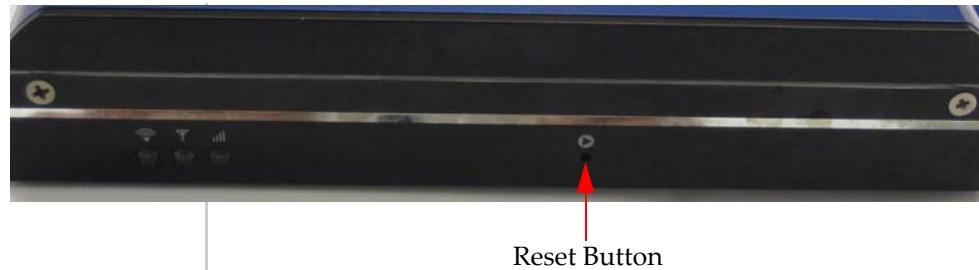


Figure 3-4: Helix: Reset Button

## Power Connector

Helix comes with a switching adapter. The power connector is located on the back plate of the Helix.



Figure 3-5: Power Connector

## SIM Slot

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*Note: This section applies to Helix with GSM technology only.*

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To insert the SIM in to the SIM slot, follow the instructions as below:

1. Carefully remove the SIM card from the card you received.



Figure 3-6: SIM card

2. Gently press the SIM to click it into place.



Figure 3-7: Insert SIM

3. When the SIM card is fully inserted, it will lock into the holder with a click sound.

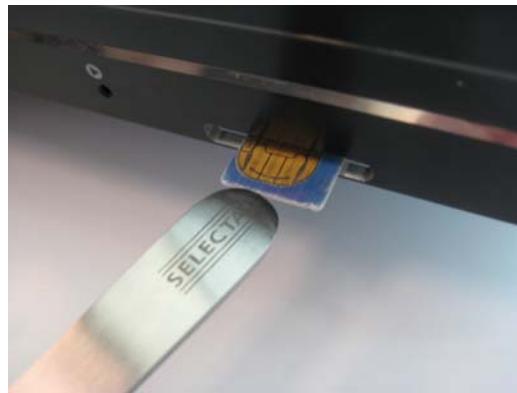


Figure 3-8: Pushing SIM in to the SIM slot

## Remove the SIM

Firmly press on the SIM and it will unlock from the holder with a click sound. Once the SIM ejects, use a pair of tweezers to pull out the SIM.

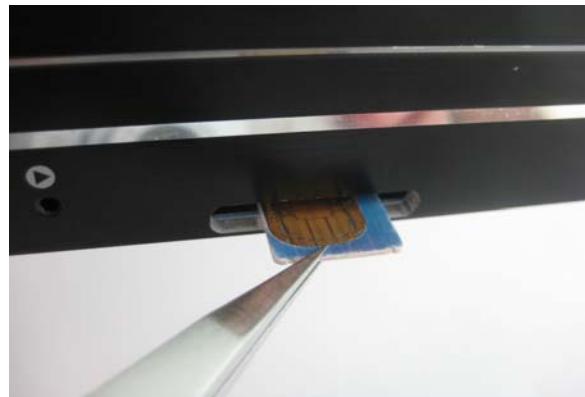
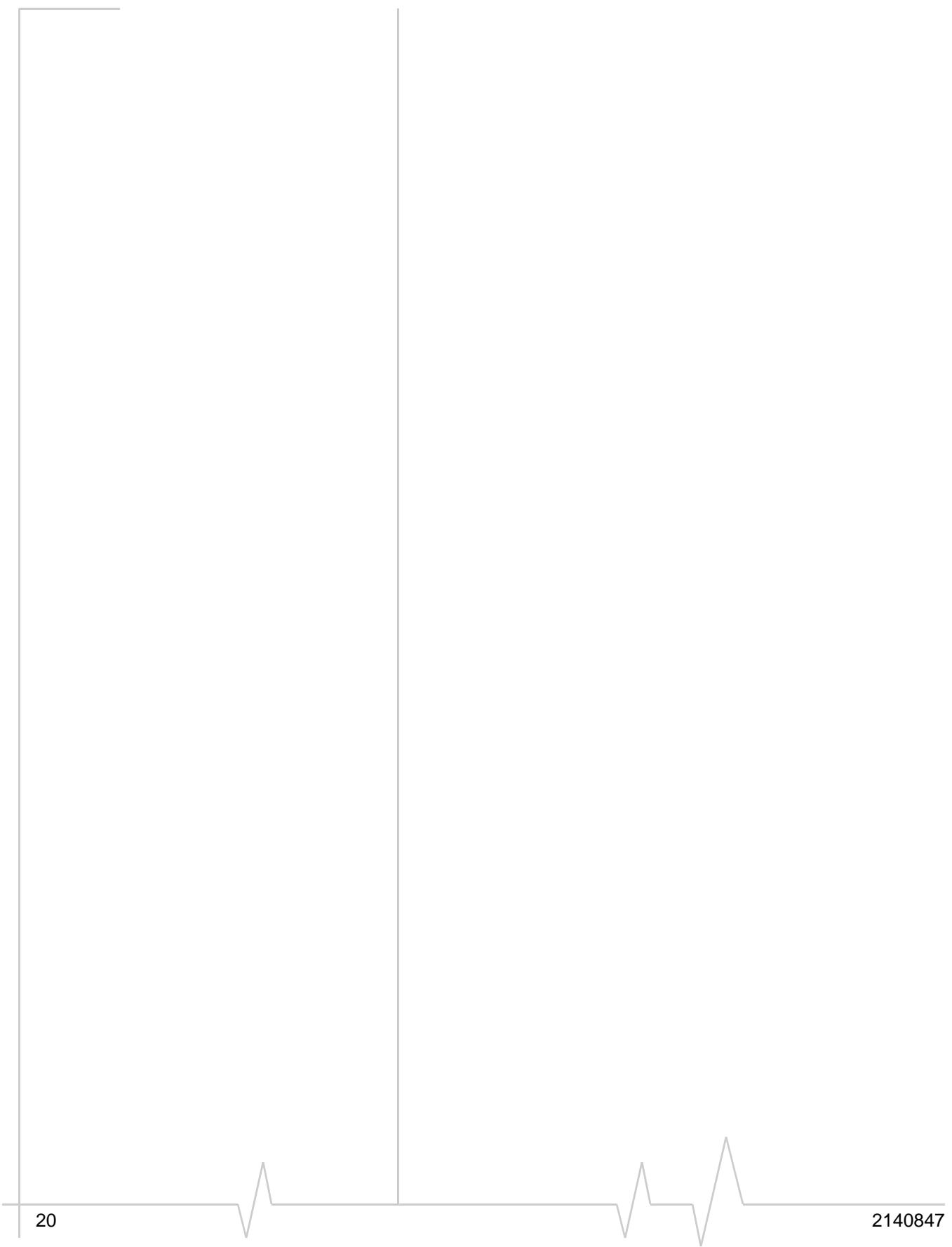


Figure 3-9: Removing SIM



## >>| 4: USB Connection

A single USB modem can be connected to Helix RT. USB modems Compass 598 (Sprint) and Compass 895 (AT&T) are supported. Only one cellular device, that is either the Helix RT or the USB modem operates at a given time. When a USB modem is connected to the Helix RT, it assumes all the functions of the internal radio module to provide WWAN connectivity. Once the the USB modem is removed the internal radio module of Helix RT restarts.



Figure 4-1: USB modems : Compass 895 and Compass 598

When a USB modem is connected to the Helix RT, it performs with the other all the features as if it were the the Helix RT. WAN failover, APN configuration, and similar features now operate with the USB modem.

Multiple failover options include USB modem in WAN failover feature, so that the software can automatically toggle between:

- WAN port Ethernet connection
- Embedded modem
- USB modem.

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*Note: Only one external USB modem can be plugged in at a time.*

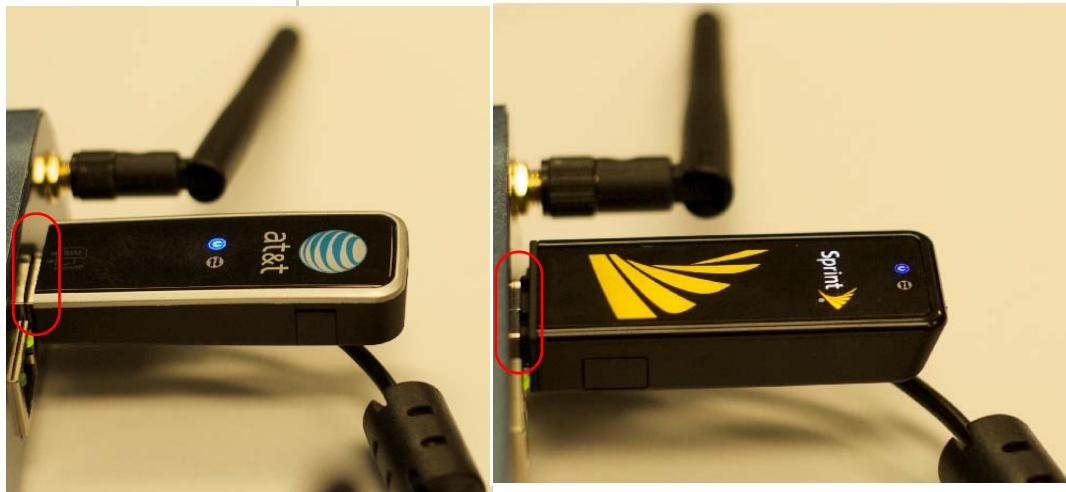
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## USB Modem connection

Instructions to connect your USB modem to the Helix RT are as follows.

1. Unplug the Helix RT.
2. Plug in the USB modem. You can also use the extender cable provided.
3. Plug in the Helix RT.

*Note: The USB modem needs to be inserted when the Helix is turned off, in order for Helix to recognize the USB modem at startup.*



4. Enter <http://192.168.2.1:9191.htm> on your browser, to connect to ACEmanager.
  - User ID: admin
  - Password: 12345

*Note: USB radio supports all other Helix software features.*

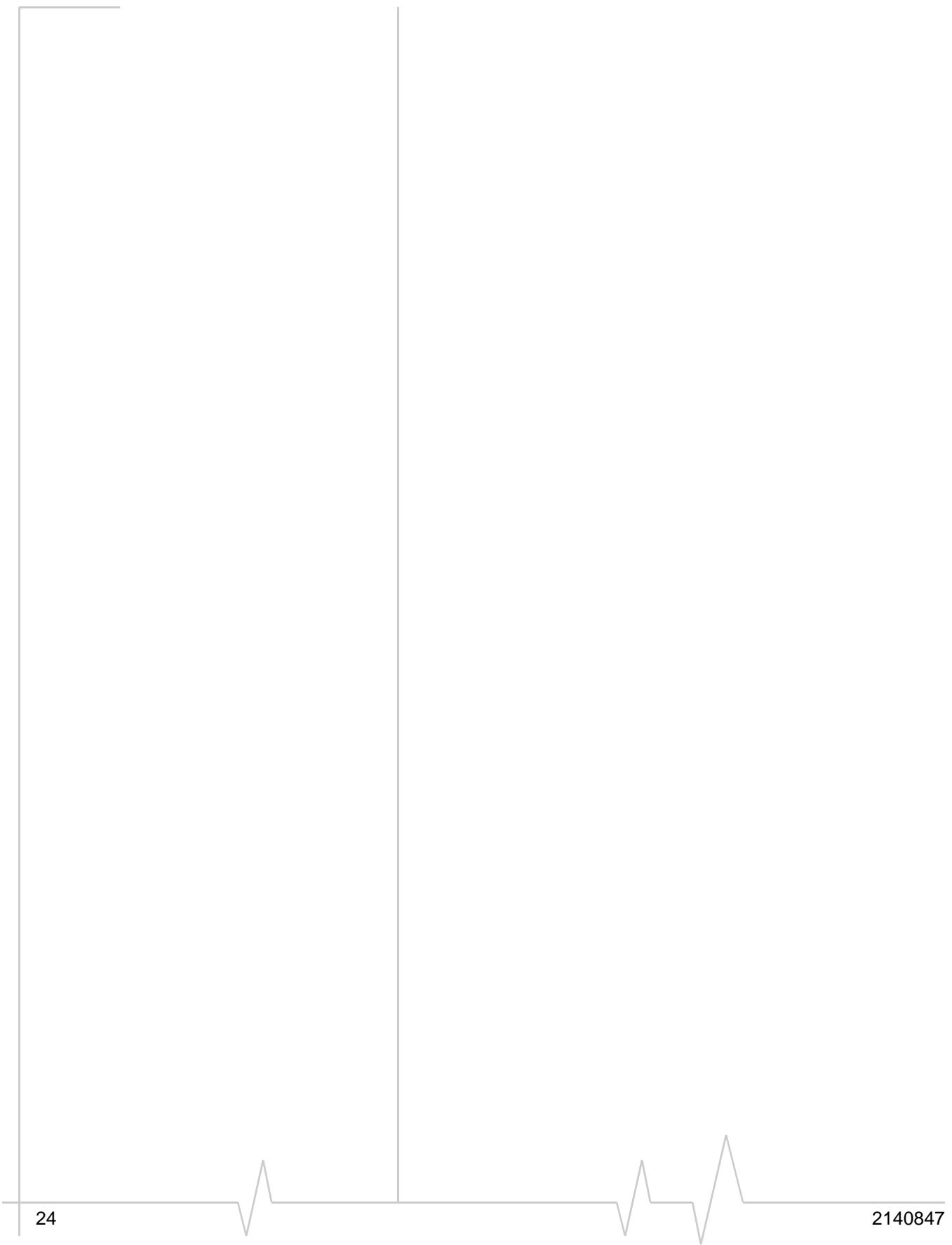
5. In ACEmanager,
  - a. By selecting the About tab, you can view the Helix module information.



Figure 4-2: ACEmanager: Status - About

6. Check the LED lights on the USB modem, to check the status of the USB connection.

Information for the USB modem connection is available on the Status tab in ACEmanager. GSM users can configure their APN on the WAN/Cellular tab in ACEmanager.



- ACEmanager
- Status
- WAN/Cellular
- LAN/WiFi
- Security
- VPN
- Services
- Admin

## ACEmanager

ACEmanager is the free utility used to manage and configure the AirLink Helix RT. After powering on the Helix, you can log on to ACEmanager by entering 192.168.2.1 in your browser. The default login credentials are:

- Login: admin
- Password: 12345

To prevent others from changing the Helix settings, change the ACEmanager password. See the Security topic in the "Configuring Airlink Helix" for more information.

## Status

All of the fields in the "Status" group have read-only parameters and provide information about the Helix. Depending on the individual settings and the onboard cellular module of the Helix, the actual status pages may look different than the screenshots listed here. The individual status sections give an accurate view of the current running configuration of the Helix. Refer to the following sections for information about the individual configuration options.

## Home

The home section of the status tab has basic information about the cellular network connection. Refer to the "WAN / Cellular" section for information about configuring the cellular modem.

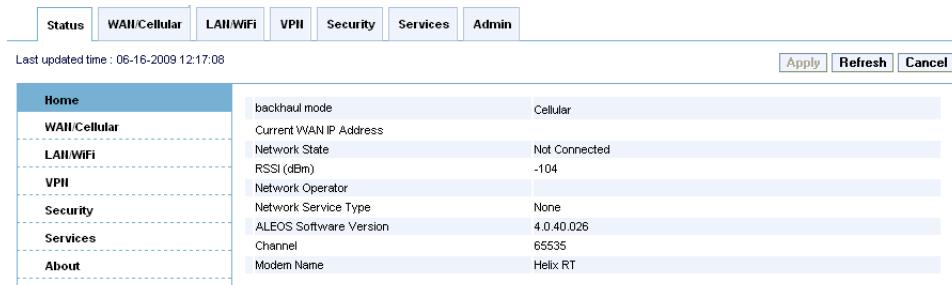


Figure 5-1: ACEmanager: Status - Home

**Table 5-1: Status: Home**

Command	Description
<b>Backhaul mode</b>	WAN backhaul mode : cellular, failover, passthrough.
<b>Current WAN IP address</b>	This can be the IP address of the cellular modem, if it is being used or the IP address of WAN port if WAN Failover has switched to the Ethernet connection.
<b>Network State</b>	Not Connected or Connected. Current state of the cellular radio.
<b>RSSI</b>	Signal strength of the cellular signal. The lower the number, the better the signal strength. The exact numbers vary between cellular carriers. However, -40dBm means Helix has a significantly stronger coverage area than when it is -70dBm.
<b>Network Operator</b>	Indicates the network the modem is currently on.
<b>Network Service Type</b>	The type of service being used by the modem, for example EV-DO Rev A or HSPA.
<b>ALEOS Software Version</b>	Software version of the ALEOS build.
<b>Channel</b>	The current active CDMA/GSM channel number.
<b>Modem Name</b>	Name of the modem.

## WAN/Cellular

WAN/cellular status indicates specific information about the cellular connection including IP address and how much data has been used.

Status	WAN/Cellular	LAN/WiFi	VPN	Security	Services	Admin
Last updated time : 06-11-2009 17:45:01						
<b>Home</b>	Cellular IP Address	Not Available				
<b>WAN/Cellular</b>	Ethernet IP Address					
<b>LAN/WiFi</b>	WAN Link					
<b>VPN</b>	ESN/EID/IMEI	352974020313334				
<b>Security</b>	Keepalive IP Address	216.92.96.182				
<b>Services</b>	Keepalive Ping Time	3600				
<b>About</b>	Gateway	Not Available				
	DNS Server 1	208.67.222.222				
	DNS Server 2	208.67.220.220				
	Time in Use (Minutes)	20746124				
	Traffic Over WAN (KB)	0				

Figure 5-2: ACEmanager: Status - WAN/Cellular

Command	Description
<b>Cellular IP Address</b>	Cellular WAN IP Address.
<b>Ethernet IP Address</b>	Ethernet IP Address. This is present in WAN failover mode only.
<b>WAN Link</b>	WAN Link defaults to cellular. In WAN failover mode this can be either cellular or Ethernet.
<b>ESN/EID/IMEA</b>	The cellular radio module's unique identification number or electronic serial number (ESN or IMEA).
<b>Keepalive IP Address</b>	The IP address that WAN keepalive uses to test cellular connectivity.
<b>Keepalive Ping Time</b>	The amount of time between keepalive pings in seconds.
<b>Gateway</b>	Gateway IP address of the local network.
<b>DNS Server 1</b>	First DNS IP addresses of cellular or Ethernet network.
<b>DNS Server 2</b>	Second DNS IP addresses of cellular or Ethernet.
<b>Time in Use (Minutes)</b>	Total time of continuous network connectivity on either cellular or Ethernet WAN. This timer restarts when the connection is reset.
<b>Traffic Over WAN (KB)</b>	Total amount of data sent and received during this session. This is reset when the connection is reset.

## LAN/WiFi

This is the status of the local network. It lists information about the network and connected clients. If the Helix has Wi-Fi, Wi-Fi status information will be shown here.

The screenshot shows the 'Status' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Below it, the 'LAN/WiFi' tab is also selected. The main content area displays the following information:

- Home**: Ethernet Port 1 (192.168.2.1/24), Ethernet Port 2 (192.168.2.1/24)
- WAN/Cellular**: Security Encryption type (Open)
- LAN/WiFi**: WiFi Mode (Mixed), Connected Clients (1)
- VPII**: (No data shown)
- Security**: (No data shown)
- Services**: (No data shown)
- About**: (No data shown)

Below this, there is a table titled 'IP/MAC' with two columns: 'IP Address' and 'MAC Address'. The single entry is 192.168.2.78 and 00:90:96:ad:cb:11 respectively.

Figure 5-3: ACEmanager: Status - LAN/WiFi

Command	Description
<b>Ethernet Port 1</b>	Address / status of the LAN port.
<b>Ethernet Port 2</b>	Address / status of the WAN / LAN port.
<b>Security Encryption type</b>	Options are Open, WEP, or WPA. Shows the Wi-Fi encryption type.
<b>WiFi Mode</b>	The type of Wi-Fi network. If the Helix is configured exclusively as an 802.11g network, this will show "Mixed" or "G-Only".
<b>Connected Clients</b>	Number of connected clients.

## VPN

The VPN section gives an overview of the VPN settings and indicates whether a VPN connection has been made.

The screenshot shows the 'Status' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Below it, the 'VPN' tab is also selected. The main content area displays the following information:

- Home**: VPN 1 Status (Disabled), VPN 2 Status (Disabled)
- WAN/Cellular**: (No data shown)
- LAN/WiFi**: (No data shown)
- VPII**: (No data shown)
- Security**: (No data shown)
- Services**: (No data shown)
- About**: (No data shown)

Figure 5-4: ACEmanager: Status - VPN

Command	Description
VPN 1	Disabled, Enabled, Connected. The status of the IPSec VPN client.
VPN 2	Disabled, Enabled, Connected. The status of the GRE client.

## Security

The security section provides an overview of the security settings on the Helix.

DMZ	Disabled
Port Forwarding	Disabled
Port Filtering Outbound	Not Used

Figure 5-5: ACEmanager: Status - Security

Command	Description
DMZ	Disabled or Enabled. Indicates whether a DMZ is in use.
Port Forwarding	Shows the status of any port forwarding settings. 0 is OFF;1 is ON
Port Filtering Outbound	Enabled or disabled. Show status of outbound port filtering.

## Services

This section shows the ACEnet status.

ACEnet	Not Configured
--------	----------------

Figure 5-6: ACEmanager: Status - Services

Command	Description
<b>ACEnet</b>	ACEnet status. If an ACEnet account has been setup, the status will change from "Not Configured" to "Configured".

## About

The About section of the Status group provides basic information about the cellular modem.

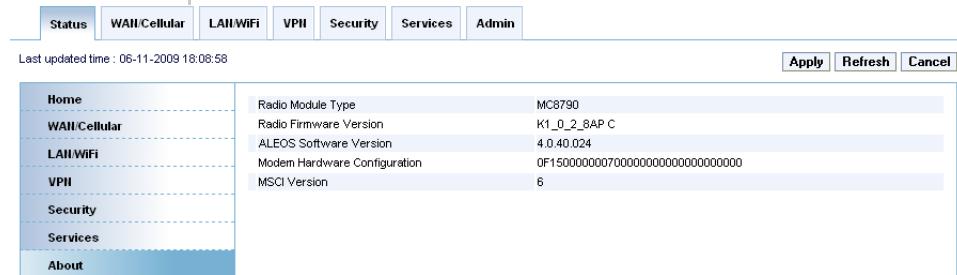


Figure 5-7: ACEmanager: Status - About

Command	Description
<b>Radio Firmware Version</b>	Firmware version in the radio module.
<b>ALEOS Software Version</b>	Displays version of ALEOS software running on the Helix RT.
<b>Modem Hardware Configuration</b>	Versions of internally configured hardware.
<b>MSCI Version</b>	Version of MSCI

## WAN/Cellular

The WAN/Cellular section allows changes to the cellular connection and main operating mode of the Helix. Some settings may appear differently and are dependent on cellular carrier settings.

The default mode is "Cellular". This uses the onboard cellular module as primary means of connection and enables all other onboard features. Custom connection settings can be included if they are supported by the cellular module.

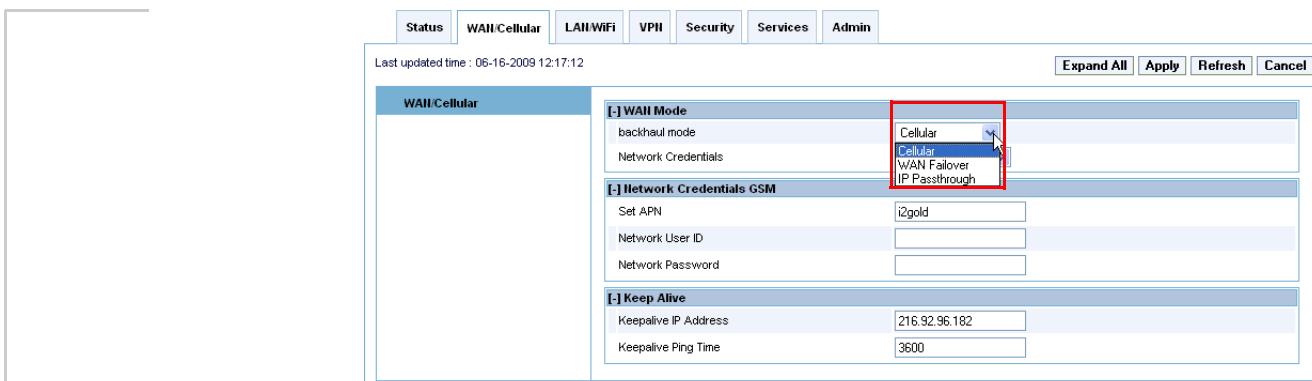


Figure 5-8: ACEmanager: WAN/Cellular

Command	Description
<b>Backhaul Mode</b>	Cellular, WAN failover, IP Passthrough. These are the three operating modes of the Helix. Cellular mode is the default mode and in this mode the Helix operates as cellular modem with LAN routing capabilities. WAN failover mode uses either the cellular modem or an Ethernet WAN link (DSL, cable, office LAN) to connect to the Internet. The Helix will then manage and switch between the two connections based on their availability. IP Passthrough mode will pass the cellular WAN IP address directly through to any client connected to port 2 of the Helix. This is used in some VPN scenarios or when a device requires an external IP address. Devices connected to port 1 or Wi-Fi will still receive DHCP addressing.
<b>Network Credentials</b>	Default or Custom. Default settings are the default cellular data connection settings in the United States. Selecting Custom settings will show another set of fields allowing you to use custom settings for specific carrier information.
<b>Set APN (GSM only)</b>	APN or Access Point Name is specific to GSM networks. Custom access points can be used to create VPN connections or to provide specific routing functionality. Contact your cellular carrier for more information about how these work.
<b>Network User ID</b>	Enter the user name needed to authenticate on your APN. This is provided by your cellular operator.
<b>Network Password</b>	This setting shows up on Helix boxes with GSM and CDMA technology. Fill in the password that accompanies the custom connection information.
<b>Keepalive IP Address</b>	The IP address that the Helix will ping to determine if there is internet connectivity. By default, this is set to a Sierra Wireless server, but this can be changed. If the Helix is setup for WAN failover, or any custom cellular settings (ie Datalink or custom APN), make sure this IP address is accessible.
<b>Keepalive Ping Time</b>	This is the amount of time between keep-alive pings in seconds. This setting prevents the cellular modem from going into a low power, or hibernation mode by regularly sending out ICMP pings. By default, this is configured to 3600 seconds or an hour. If the ping fails, the Helix will send an additional three pings to the specified address. If those pings fail, the Helix will restart the cellular connection automatically.

## WAN Failover

WAN Failover allows the Helix to intelligently manage two Internet connections, switching from one to the other as needed. After enabling this mode, Helix will continually test the primary Internet connection. If tests fail, Helix will automatically switch to the secondary connection while continuing to test the primary connection and switch back to the primary connection when connectivity is returned.

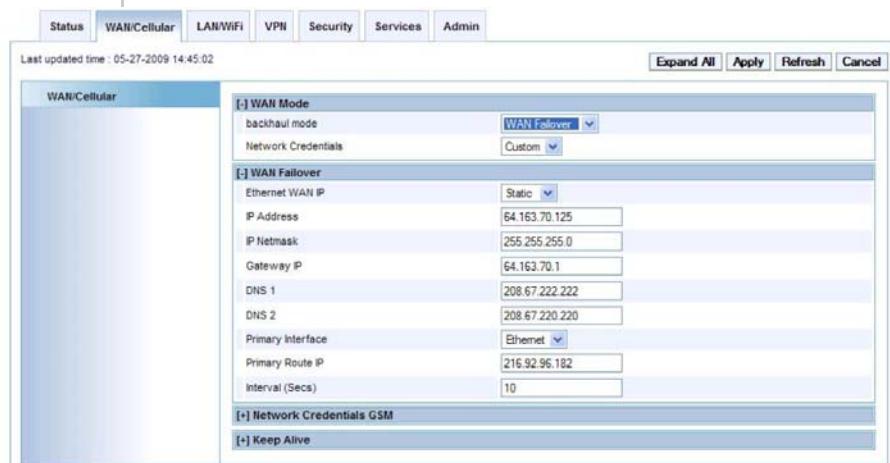


Figure 5-9: ACEmanager: WAN/Cellular - WAN Failover

Command	Description
<b>Ethernet WAN IP</b>	Static or DHCP. If DHCP is selected, no other IP related information needs to be entered. If Static is selected enter the IP information about the secondary Internet connection.
<b>IP Address</b>	If Static mode is selected, this is the IP address of the Helix Box on the secondary network.
<b>IP Netmask</b>	If Static mode is selected, this is the netmask of the Helix Box in WAN Failover (primary or secondary).
<b>Gateway IP</b>	If Static mode is selected, this is the gateway IP address of the that the Helix Box.
<b>DNS 1</b>	If Static mode is selected, this is the primary DNS server that the Helix connects on the secondary network.
<b>DNS 2</b>	If Static mode is selected, this is the secondary DNS server that the Helix connects on the secondary network.
<b>Primary Interface</b>	Cellular or Ethernet. This determines the cellular module or the Ethernet connection to be the primary connection.

Command	Description
<b>Primary Route IP</b>	This is the IP address that Helix continually tests connectivity with. Helix will ping this address through the primary WAN connection to ensure the primary connection is working. If a ping to this address fails, Helix will rollover all WAN connectivity to the secondary WAN connection until it can resume connectivity to this address through the primary connection.
<b>Interval (Secs)</b>	Determines how often the Primary Route IP is tested.

### Setup

1. Select WAN Failover from the backhaul mode drop-down menu.
2. Determine whether the Ethernet (WAN) network is DHCP or Static IP based and fill in information accordingly.
3. Select the primary interface. This should be selected as the most reliable connection and will be the one that the Helix primarily uses and tests. The secondary connection will be the connection that the Helix keeps active and switches to if the primary connection fails. Default primary interface is Ethernet.
4. If needed, change the Primary Route IP and interval.
5. Click on Apply and reboot the box when prompted.
6. Plug in the Ethernet cable for the WAN connection in to WAN/LAN port of the Helix.

### How it works

When enabled, Helix will ping the Primary Route IP at the interval you have configured. If one of these pings fails, Helix will immediately send another short series of pings to that IP address. If these pings also fail, Helix will switch to using the secondary Internet connection.

While the secondary Internet connection is being used, Helix will continue to ping the Primary Route IP to determine when the connection is restored. When the connection is restored, Helix will switch back to the primary connection.

### IP Passthrough

IP Passthrough mode will pass the cellular WAN IP address directly through to any client connected to WWAN/LAN port on the Helix. This may be necessary for some VPN configurations or other enterprise applications. The Helix can also continue to provide LAN IP addresses to clients connected through LAN port (or Wi-Fi with supported devices). However WAN Failover, DMZ, and Port Forwarding are not available and ACEmanager cannot be reached through port 1 .

Any client connected to WWAN/LAN port must be setup with a static IP address and a gateway address that matches the WWANIP address and gateway address. IP passthrough works best when the cellular module is setup by the cellular carrier to receive a public static IP address on the carrier network.

Figure 5-10: ACEmanager: WAN/Cellular - IP Passthrough

## LAN/WiFi

### Addressing

This section indicates the status and allows you to change the IP settings of the local network. Changing settings in this area will most likely require you to reconnect to ACEmanager after saving any changes.

Figure 5-11: ACEmanager: LAN/WiFi - Addressing

Command	Description
<b>Modem IP</b>	IP address of the Helix. By default this is set to 192.168.2.1. Changing this will affect the start and end IP address. Changing this will also require a reconnection to ACEmanager and physical reconnection of the LAN Ethernet.
<b>Subnet mask</b>	The subnet mask indicates how large the IP address pool will be. Changing this will limit or expand the number of clients that can connect to the Helix. The default is 255.255.255.0 and means that 254 clients can connect to the Helix.

Command	Description
<b>Server Mode</b>	Enabled or Disabled. By default, the Helix has a DHCP server that is enabled. Disabling the server will require all connected clients to have static IP addressing.
<b>Starting IP</b>	DHCP pool start IP address.
<b>Ending IP</b>	The Ending IP for the Ethernet Interface.
<b>Lease Timer (Secc)</b>	DHCP Lease Time

## WIFI

On supported models, the Helix has a Wi-Fi radio for wireless network connections.

*Note: You can lock yourself out of the Helix when you first turn on WEP or WPA. You must then enter the right key in the format required by your computer or device before you can connect to the Helix with Wi-Fi. WEP and WPA do not affect Ethernet connections, so you can always connect to the Helix through an Ethernet port regardless of your encryption settings.*

Figure 5-12: ACEmanager: LAN/WiFi - WiFi

Command	Description
<b>Enable Wireless Access Point</b>	Wi-Fi on or Wi-fi off. Allows you to disable or enable the Wi-Fi access point. If you are using the Helix in an environment wheres security or safety require that you disable Wi-Fi, you can turn Wi-Fi off here. The WAN and Ethernet LAN connections will remain active.
<b>SSID/Network Name</b>	The default network name is 'helix'.
<b>Hide SSID</b>	Hide or Show. This determines whether the SSID will be broadcasted by the Helix. Hiding the SSID will not prevent people from connecting to the box if the signal is open.

Command	Description
<b>Wireless Mode</b>	G-only or Mixed. By default, the Mixed mode option provides the greatest compatibility with 802.11b and 802.11g devices. To create a pure 802.11g network, select the G-Only mode.
<b>Wi-Fi Channel</b>	1-11. The Wi-Fi access point on the Helix can use any of 11 channels. If other Wi-Fi networks are in range and operating on nearby channels, you may be able to avoid interference by changing to a different Wi-Fi channel.
<b>Security Encryption type</b>	Open, WEP, WPA. The Helix box supports Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) and Wi-Fi Protected Access/802.11i (WPA and WPA2 Personal and Enterprise). Both protocols will restrict access to the Helix box and protect data transmitted between the clients and the device. WPA provides the highest level of security if all of the LAN devices on your network support this protocol. WPA Enterprise is the follow on wireless security method to WPA that provides stronger data protection for multiple users and large managed networks. It prevents unauthorized network access by verifying network users through an authentication server.

### Shared WEP

WEP or Wireless Encryption Protocol is the least secure, but most supported encryption method.

The screenshot shows the ACEmanager interface for WiFi configuration. The top navigation bar includes Status, WLAN/Cellular, LAN/WIFI (which is selected), VPN, Security, Services, and Admin. Below the bar, it says "Last updated time : 06-12-2009 14:59:00". On the left, a sidebar has Addressing, WiFi (selected), and Global DNS. The main area has two sections: WiFi Configuration and WEP. The WiFi Configuration section contains fields for Enable Wireless Access Point (set to WiFi ON), SSID/Network Name (set to helix), Hide SSID (set to Display), Wireless Mode (set to Mixed), Wi-Fi Channel (set to 1-2:412 GHz), and Security Encryption type (set to Shared WEP). The WEP section contains fields for Key length (set to 64 bit key (generated from passphrase)), WEP Passphrase (set to HelixWEP), and WEP Hex Key (set to 0f:3d:be:0d:60). A red box highlights the WEP section.

Figure 5-13: ACEmanager: WIFI - Shared WEP

Command	Description
<b>Key Length</b>	64 bit, 128 bit, Custom. WEP is available with shorter 64 bit keys or longer 128 bit keys. While 128 bit encryption provides a higher level of security, some computers and Wi-Fi clients only support 64 bit encryption. Use a key length that is compatible with all of the wireless clients on your network.
<b>WEP Passphrase</b>	The default passphrase is 'HelixWEP'. You can enter your own private WEP passphrase to generate a hex (hexadecimal) key. Treat the passphrase like a password and select one that is difficult for others to guess. After you enter a new passphrase, click the Apply button to make the change effective. When logging into Wi-Fi from your computer, enter the hex key, not the passphrase. Most WEP connections only use the hexadecimal format. The passphrase is simply used as an easy way for you to create a hex key. You can configure your own hex key rather than generating one with a passphrase by selecting the 'Custom Key' option from the drop-down menu. Make sure your hex key only includes 0-9 and/or a-f, with each pair separated by a colon. For example, 80:3a:c9:95:b8.

### WPA/WPA2 Personal

WPA/WPA2 Personal is a higher level of encryption than WEP, requiring a pre shared passphrase be known before being able to connect to a network.

The screenshot shows the ACEmanager WiFi configuration interface. At the top, there are tabs: Status, WAN/Cellular, LAN WiFi (selected), VPN, Security, Services, and Admin. Below the tabs, it says 'Last updated time : 06-12-2009 14:59:00' and has buttons for Expand All, Apply, Refresh, and Cancel.

The main area has two sections:

- WiFi Configuration** (Enabled):
  - SSID/Network Name: helix
  - Hide SSID: Display
  - Wireless Mode: Mixed
  - Wifi Channel: 1-2.412 GHz
  - Security Encryption type: WPA/WPA2 Personal (highlighted with a yellow background)
- WPA/WPA2 Personal** (Enabled):
  - Wifi Encryption: TKIP
  - WPA Passphrase: HelixWPAPassphrase

Figure 5-14: ACEmanager: WiFi - WPA/WPA2 Personal

Command	Description
<b>WiFi Encryption</b>	TKIP or AES. Defines what encryption scheme to use under WPA. Options are Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).
<b>WPA Passphrase</b>	By default this is 'HelixWPAPassphrase'. You can change this to another phrase with alphanumeric characters and symbols when creating a passphrase.

### WPA Enterprise

WPA Enterprise adds another layer of security to WPA by requiring clients authenticate with a server before being able to access the network. Clients connecting to the Helix when WPA Enterprise is enabled will need to have certificates installed from the RADIUS server, allowing them access to the network before being allowed to connect.

The screenshot shows the WiFi configuration page of the ACEmanager software. At the top, there are tabs for Status, WLAN/Cellular, LAN/WIFI, VPII, Security, Services, and Admin. The LAN/WIFI tab is selected. Below the tabs, it says 'Last updated time : 06-12-2009 14:59:00'. On the right, there are buttons for Expand All, Apply, Refresh, and Cancel. The main area has sections for Addressing (WIFI, Global DNS), WiFi Configuration, and WPA/WPA2 Enterprise. The WPA/WPA2 Enterprise section is highlighted with a red box. It contains fields for WiFi Encryption (set to TKIP), Primary Radius Server IP, Primary Radius Server Port, Primary Radius Server Secret, Secondary Radius Server IP, Secondary Radius Server Port, and Secondary Radius Server Secret.

Figure 5-15: ACEmanager: WiFi - WPA/WPA 2 Enterprise

Command	Description
<b>WiFi Encryption</b>	TKIP or AES. Defines what encryption scheme to use under WPA. Options are Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).
<b>Primary or Secondary Radius Server IP</b>	This is the IP address of your enterprise RADIUS server. These servers must be accessible ALL the time or clients will not be able to connect via Wi-Fi. The secondary server is optional and used when the primary server is not available.

Command	Description
<b>Secondary Radius Server Port</b>	This is the port number of your enterprise RADIUS server. The secondary port is used when the primary is unavailable.
<b>Primary or Secondary Radius Server Secret</b>	This is the shared secret key used to secure communications with the RADIUS server.

## Global DNS

Global DNS allows you to override the default DNS settings of the cellular modem. This is used when custom cellular network settings (such as DataLink or custom APNs) are used on the cellular modem. Some carriers will block this setting. Check with your cellular carrier for more information.

The screenshot shows the 'LAN/WiFi' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Below it, the 'Global DNS' section is highlighted. The configuration fields are:

- Primary DNS: 208.67.222.222
- Secondary DNS: 208.67.220.220
- DNS Override: Disabled (selected from a dropdown menu)
- Alternate Primary DNS: (empty input field)
- Alternate Secondary DNS: (empty input field)

Figure 5-16: ACEmanager: LAN/WiFi - Global DNS

Command	Description
<b>Primary DNS</b>	Primary Global DNS Address.
<b>Secondary DNS</b>	Secondary Global DNS Address.
<b>DNS Override</b>	Disabled or Enabled. By default this is set to Disabled.
<b>Alternate Primary DNS</b>	Alternate primary DNS address. This is optional. If the primary DNS is unavailable, this DNS address will be used.
<b>Alternate Secondary DNS</b>	Alternate secondary DNS address. This is optional. If the secondary DNS is unavailable, this DNS address will be used.

## Security

Most security features can be configured on the Security page. It is recommended you change the default password for ACEmanager.

### Port Forwarding and DMZ

To add a rule, fill in the outside port (ie, 8080), the protocol (TCP or UDP), the host (or internal) IP, and the private port (the port on the inside of the network). Some cellular carriers restrict port access. Check with your cellular carrier if you have problems setting this up. To add more rules, click on the Add More button. To remove a rule, click on the 'X' button that is next to the rule.

Figure 5-17: ACEmanager: Security - Port Forwarding

Command	Description
<b>Port Forwarding Enabled</b>	Disabled or Enabled. Disables or Enables port forwarding rules.
<b>DMZ IP</b>	IP address of a DMZ. The Helix allows a single client to connect to the Internet through a demilitarized zone (DMZ). The DMZ is particularly useful for certain services like VPN, NetMeeting, and streaming video that may not work well with a NAT router. DMZ host is unavailable if IP passthrough is enabled.
<b>DMZ Enabled</b>	OFF or ON. Enables or disables the DMZ on the Helix. The Helix allows a single client to connect to the Internet through a demilitarized zone (DMZ). <p><i>Note: All security features are inactive if DMZ is enabled.</i></p> <p><i>Note: Because DMZ traffic does not pass through the NAT router, the DMZ host is fully exposed to the Internet without the protection of the Helix firewall. If the DMZ is used, this can present a security risk to the DMZ host client.</i></p>

## Port Filtering - Outbound

Last updated time : 06-12-2009 15:53:19      **Apply** **Refresh** **Cancel**

Filtered Ports		
	Start Port	End Port
<input type="button" value="Add More"/>		

Figure 5-18: ACEmanager: Security - Port Filtering-outbound

Command	Description
<b>Port Filtering - Outbound</b>	Independent of the IP filtering, this mode can be enabled to block ports specified. When enabled, all ports not matching the rule will be blocked depending on the mode.

## MAC Filtering

Last updated time : 06-12-2009 15:54:12      **Apply** **Refresh** **Cancel**

MAC Address allowed List	
	MAC Address
<input type="button" value="Add More"/>	

Figure 5-19: ACEmanager: Security - MAC Filtering

Command	Description
<b>MAC Filtering</b>	MAC Filtering allows communication to Helix through the listed MAC address(s) only.

## VPN

The Helix Box can act as a Virtual Private Network (VPN) client, providing enterprise VPN access to any device connected to the Helix RT even when a device has no VPN

client capability on its own. The Helix supports up to two tunneling protocols, IPsec and GRE. Both can be used at the same time if configured properly.

The Helix also supports split tunnels with one encrypted tunnel and one open tunnel. A sample server subnet for a split tunnel would be 172.16.1.0/24. Split tunnel VPNs should be setup with care, as a split tunnel configuration with both an enterprise VPN and access to the public Internet can inadvertently expose company resources.

This section should give you a general overview of the VPN capabilities. If you would like specific solution support, refer to the recommendations and instructions provided with your VPN server solution.

## VPN 1

Setting	Value
VPN 1 Type	IPSec Tunnel
VPN Status	Disabled
SNTP Server Address	pool.ntp.org
VPN Gateway Address	
Remote Subnet (IP Addr/Mask)	
Pre-shared Key 1	
My Identity	
Peer Identity	
Negotiation Mode	Main
IKE Encryption Algorithm	DES
IKE Authentication Algorithm	MD5
IKE Key Group	DH1
IKE SA Life Time	86400
Perfect Forward Secrecy	No
IPSec Encryption Algorithm	DES
IPSec Authentication Algorithm	MD5
IPSec Key Group	None
IPSec SA Life Time	86400

Figure 5-20: ACEmanager:VPN1 - IPSec Tunnel

Command	Description
<b>VPN 1 Type</b>	Tunnel Disabled or IPsec tunnel. Use this option to enable or disable the VPN tunnel. If custom settings are used, they will be saved and the tunnel can be disabled and reenabled without needing to reenter any of the settings. The IPsec VPN employs the IKE (Internet Key Exchange) protocol to set up a SecurityAssociation (SA) between the Helix and a Cisco (or Cisco compatible) enterprise VPN server. IPsec consists of two phases to setup an SA between peer VPNs. Phase 1 creates a secure channel between the Helix VPN and the enterprise VPN, thereby enabling IKE exchanges. Phase 2 sets up the IPsec SA that is used to securely transmit enterprise data. For a successful configuration, all settings for the VPN tunnel must be identical between the Helix VPN and the enterprise VPN server.
<b>VPN1 Status</b>	Disabled, Not Connected, or Connected. This indicates the current status of the VPN connection. Use this as part of troubleshooting a VPN connection.
<b>SNTP Server Address</b>	The Simple Network Time Protocol Server (SNTP) ensures the clock on the Helix VPN is synched to standard time. The default NTP server is pool.ntp.org. You can specify any preferred NTP server. Both the VPN server and client must use the same SNTP address.
<b>VPN Gateway Address</b>	The IP address of the server that this client connects to. This IP address must be open to connections from the Helix Box.
<b>Remote Subnet (IP Addr Mask)</b>	The default configuration is 0.0.0.0/0 which will direct all traffic over the GRE tunnel.
<b>Pre-shared Key 1</b>	Pre-shared Key (PSK) used to initiate the VPN tunnel.
<b>My Identity</b>	If these fields are left blank, My Identity will default to the WAN IP address assigned by the carrier and Peer Identity will default to the VPN Server IP. For a fully qualified domain name (FQDN), these values should be preceded by an '@' character (@www.domain.com). For user-FQDN, these values should include a username (user@domain.com)
<b>Peer Identity</b>	Required in some configurations to identify the client or peer side of a VPN connection. This defaults to the VPN server IP address.
<b>Negotiation Mode</b>	Main Mode or Aggressive. To operate the onboard VPN under Aggressive mode, enable this configuration. By default the Helix operates under Main Mode. Aggressive mode offers increased performance at the expense of security.
<b>IKE Encryption Algorithm</b>	DES, 3DES, or AES. Determines the type and length of encryption key used to encrypt/decrypt ESP (Encapsulating Security Payload) packets. 3DES supports 168-bit encryption. AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) supports 128 bit encryption.
<b>IKE Authentication Algorithm</b>	SHA1 or MD5. Can be configured with MD5 or SHA1. MD5 is an algorithm that produces a 128-bit digest for authentication. SHA1 is a more secure algorithm that produces a 160-bit digest.
<b>IPSec Encryption Algorithm</b>	DES, 3DES, or AES. Determines the type and length of encryption key used to encrypt/decrypt ESP (Encapsulating Security Payload) packets. 3DES supports 168-bit encryption. AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) supports 128 bit encryption.

Command	Description
<b>IPSec Authentication Algorithm</b>	SHA1 or MD5. Can be configured with MD5 or SHA1. MD5 is an algorithm that produces a 128-bit digest for authentication. SHA1 is a more secure algorithm that produces a 160-bit digest.
<b>IKE SA Life Time</b>	180 to 86400. Determines how long the VPN tunnel is active in seconds. The default value is 28,800 seconds, or 8 hours
<b>Perfect Forward Secrecy</b>	Yes or No. Provides additional security through a DH shared secret value. When this feature is enabled, one key cannot be derived from another. This ensures previous and subsequent encryption keys are secure even if one key is compromised.
<b>IPSec Key Group</b>	DH1, DH2, or DH5. Determines how the Helix VPN creates an SA with the VPN server. The DH (Diffie-Hellman) key exchange protocol establishes pre-shared keys during the phase 1 authentication. Helix supports three prime key lengths, including Group 1 (768 bits), Group 2 (1,024 bits), and Group 5 (1,536 bits).
<b>IPSec SA Life Time</b>	180 to 86400. Determines how long the VPN tunnel is active in seconds. The default value is 28,800 seconds, or 8 hours.

## VPN 2

The Helix can act as a Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) endpoint, providing a means to encapsulate a wide variety of network layer packets inside IP tunneling packets. With this feature you can reconfigure IP architectures without worrying about connectivity. GRE creates a point-to-point link between routers on an IP network.

The VPN 2 section allows configuration of the GRE tunnel on the Helix box.

Figure 5-21: ACEmanager: VPN 2 - VPN/IPSec

Figure 5-22: ACEmanager: VPN 2 - VPN/IPSec - GRE Tunnel

Command	Description
<b>VPN 2 Type</b>	Tunnel Disabled or GRE Tunnel. Enabling the GRE Tunnel will expose other options for configuring the tunnel.
<b>VPN Status</b>	Disabled, Connected or Not Connected. Indicates the status of the GRE tunnel on the Helix box.
<b>VPN Gateway Address</b>	The IP address of the device that this client connects to. This IP address must be open to connections from the Helix Box.
<b>Remote (IP Add-mask)</b>	The default configuration is 0.0.0.0/0 which will direct all traffic over the GRE tunnel.
<b>GRE TTL</b>	GRE time to live (TTL) value is the upper bound on the time that a GRE packet can exist in a network. In practice, the TTL field is reduced by one on every router hop. This number is in router hops not in seconds.

## Services

The services sections allows configuration of external services that extend the functionality of the Helix.

### ACEnet

ACEnet is a remote management service that can be used to remotely configure and view the status of Helix boxes and other ALEOS compatible devices. For more information about this service, go to: <http://www.sierrawireless.com/Product/airlink/acenet.aspx>

The screenshot shows the ACEnet Management interface with the following fields:

ACEnet Management	Disabled
Server URL	[Empty]
Device Initiated Interval (Minutes)	[Empty]
Account Name	[Empty]
Status	[Empty]

Figure 5-23: ACEnet: Services - Dynamic DNS

Command	Description
<b>ACEnet Management</b>	Enabled or Disabled
<b>Service URL</b>	ACEnet URL

Command	Description
<b>Device Initiated Interval (Minutes)</b>	Variable. This determines how often the Helix checks for software updates and settings changes from ACEnet. ACEnet can also query the Helix at a regular interval if settings allow. Refer to the ACEnet documentation for more information.
<b>Account Name</b>	Your account name
<b>Status</b>	Connected or Not Connected.

## Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS allows a Helix Box WAN IP address to be published to a third-party service. Be aware of the Dynamic DNS abuse policy when setting this up to ensure that the Helix is not blocked from the service.

The screenshot shows the ACEmanager interface for managing Dynamic DNS services. At the top, there are tabs for Status, WAN/Cellular, LAN/WiFi, VPII, Security, Services, and Admin. The Services tab is active. Below the tabs, a message says "Last updated time : 06-12-2009 15:56:08". On the left, a sidebar under the ACEnet heading has a "Dynamic DNS" link which is highlighted in red. The main content area is titled "[+] Dynamic DNS". It contains the following fields:

- Service: A dropdown menu showing "Not Selected".
- Login: An input field.
- Password: An input field.
- Interval (Secs): An input field set to "3600".
- Full Domain Name: An input field.

At the bottom right of the content area are buttons for "Expand All", "Apply", "Refresh", and "Cancel".

Figure 5-24: ACEmanager: Services - Dynamic DNS

Command	Description
<b>Service</b>	dyndns.org, noip.org, ods.org, regfish.com, or tzo.com. Select the dynamic DNS provider that you have an account with.
<b>Login</b>	Login for Dynamic DNS.
<b>Password</b>	Password for Dynamic DNS provider.
<b>Interval</b>	Enter Interval in Sec. Be careful when entering this information to match the recommendations from your Dynamic DNS provider.
<b>Full Domain Name</b>	Full domain name provided by your Dynamic DNS provider. An example is, helixrt.noip.org for instance.

## Admin

The admin section of the Helix allows the box to be reset to defaults, the password to be changed, and debug mode.



Figure 5-25: ACEmanager: Service - Admin

It is highly recommended to change the default password of the Helix.

To change the default password,

1. Enter the user name (admin).
2. Enter the old password.
3. Enter the new password twice.
4. Click on Change Password

You will be prompted to restart the Helix. When the box has restarted, reconnect to

ACEmanager and you will be prompted to enter the new password.

## Defaults

This will reset all settings (passwords, LAN and WAN configuration, security settings, etc.) to the original factory settings.



Figure 5-26: ACEmanager: Admin - Default

Click Reset to Factory Defaults to initiate the process to reset the Helix to its default settings. After clicking on the button, the Helix will reset and you can connect to ACEmanager with the default username and password.

## Debug

Debug mode allows direct control over the cellular module for additional control, technical support, and custom settings. Enabling this mode will disable the onboard cellular module control.

Last updated time : 06-12-2009 15:58:30

Change Password

Default	Debug Enabled	Disabled
Debug	Debug Output	TCP
	DEV Port	AT
	BAUD Rate	38400
	TCP Port	23000

Apply Refresh Cancel

Figure 5-27: ACEmanager: Admin - Debug

Command	Description
<b>Debug Enabled</b>	Disabled or Enabled. Disabled is the default state. Enabling this option will pass control of the cellular module to an external device for control. "0">Disabled;"1">Enabled
<b>Debug Output</b>	TCP or DB9. This option selects the output of the debug control. TCP will send the output over TCP and DB9 will send the output over the serial port. "0">TCP;"1">DB9
<b>BAUD Rate</b>	Speed of the port.
<b>TCP Port</b>	The port to connect to, is specified when using the TCP debug mode.

Here is how to configure the Helix for debug mode using AT commands:

1. Set Debug Enabled option to Enabled.
2. Set Debug Output to DB9 for output to the DB9 on the device. The TCP option can be used if a virtual serial port is setup on the host device.
3. Set Dev Port to the radio module port that pass through mode to AT.
4. Set the BAUD Rate to 115200
5. Set the TCP Port if Debug Output is set to TCP. Ignore this option if you are using a serial cable
6. Click the Apply button and OK in the popup window that reads: "Applied the changes successfully."
7. Click Reboot button.
8. Attach a serial cable to the Helix device after it has been rebooted.

*Note: The Helix must be rebooted when enabling or disabling debug mode.*

# >>| 6: Technical Specifications

6

- WAN
- LAN
- Routing
- Administration
- Hardware
- Physical

## WAN

- WAN fail-over of landline backhaul (DSL, cable, etc.)
- WAN Alive maintains persistent cellular connection
- Dynamic DNS client compatible with third-party DDNS services

## LAN

- Ethernet 10/100 megabit, 2 ports
- Configurable LAN IP address
- MAC filtering
- Configurable DHCP server
- Wi-Fi 802.11b/g
- WPA and WPA2 Personal and Enterprise
- WEP (64 or 128 bit)

## Routing

- NAT
- WWAN IP passthrough
- Static or DHCP IP address assignment
- Custom APN for GSM networks
- Port Forwarding
- Outbound port restrictions
- DMZ host
- On-board VPN

## Administration

- ACEmanager, device config
- Remote management option with ACEnet

- Signal strength meter via ACEmanager
- Upgradeable firmware

## Hardware

- FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C (FCC) compliant
  - MC5727 id is N7N-MC5725
  - MC8790 id is N7NMC8790
  - WLM54G WiFi PCI card id MK8CPX-05-WLM54G.
- Power, Status, Activity LEDs
- Outlet Power adapter (12VDC, 1.5 amp)

## Physical

- Compact, rugged case
- Dimensions: 6.25"x1.3875"x7.0625" (case, not including antenna)
- Weight: 2.25 pounds
- Operating temperature: 0°C to 50° C
- Storage Temperature: -10C to +80C

